to an other order plant the class to which such shipments were allocated by the market administrator of the other order on the basis of the report by the receiving handler, and, as necessary, any changes in such allocation arising from the verification of such report.

(d) On or before the 12th day after the end of each month, report to each cooperative association which so requests, the amount and class utilization of milk received by each handler from producers whose milk is being marketed by such cooperative association. For the purpose of this report, the milk caused to be so delivered by a cooperative association shall be prorated to each class in the proportion that the total receipts of producer milk by such handler were used in each class.

[47 FR 53694, Nov. 29, 1982, as amended at 58 FR 27881, May 11, 1993]

CLASS PRICES

§1106.50 Class prices.

Subject to the provisions of §1106.52, the class prices for the month per hundredweight of milk shall be as follows:

- (a) Class I price. From the effective date hereof through April 30, 1988, and thereafter until amended, the Class I price shall be the basic formula price for the second preceding month plus \$2.77.
- (b) Class II price. The Class II price shall be the basic formula price for the second preceding month plus \$0.30.
- (c) *Class III price*. The Class III price shall be the basic formula price for the month.
- (d) Class III-A price. The Class III-A price for the month shall be the average Central States nonfat dry milk price for the month, as reported by the Department, less 12.5 cents, times an amount computed by subtracting from 9 an amount calculated by dividing .4 by such nonfat dry milk price, plus the butterfat differential times 35 and rounded to the nearest cent.

[47 FR 53694, Nov. 29, 1982, as amended at 51 FR 12833, Apr. 16, 1986; 58 FR 63291, Dec. 1, 1993; 60 FR 6611, Feb. 2, 1995]

§1106.51 Basic formula price.

The basic formula price shall be the preceding month's average pay price

for manufacturing grade milk in Minnesota and Wisconsin using the "base month" series, as reported by the Department, adjusted to a 3.5 percent butterfat basis using the butterfat differential for the preceding month computed pursuant to §1106.74 and rounded to the nearest cent, plus or minus the change in gross value yielded by the butter-nonfat dry milk and Cheddar cheese product price formula computed pursuant to paragraphs (a) through (e) of this section.

(a) The gross values of per hundredweight of milk used to manufacture butter-nonfat dry milk and Cheddar cheese shall be computed, using price data determined pursuant to paragraph (b) of this section and annual yield factors, for the preceding month and separately for the current month as follows:

- (1) The gross value of milk used to manufacture butter-nonfat dry milk shall be the sum of the following computations:
- (i) Multiply the Grade AA butter price by 4.27;
- (ii) Multiply the nonfat dry milk price by 8.07; and
- (iii) Multiply the dry buttermilk price by 0.42.
- (2) The gross value of milk used to manufacture Cheddar cheese shall be the sum of the following computations:
- (i) Multiply the Cheddar cheese price by 9.87; and
- (ii) Multiply the Grade A butter price by 0.238.
- (b) The following product prices shall be used pursuant to paragraph (a) of this section:
- (1) Grade AA butter price. Grade AA butter price means the simple average for the month of the Chicago Mercantile Exchange, Grade AA butter price, as reported by the Department.

(2) Nonfat dry milk price. Nonfat dry milk price means the simple average for the month of the Western Nonfat Dry Milk Low/Medium Heat price, as reported by the Department.

(3) *Dry buttermilk price*. Dry buttermilk price means the simple average for the month of the Western Dry Buttermilk price, as reported by the Department.

(4) Cheddar cheese price. Cheddar cheese price means the simple average